# **Product Specifications**

Customer	
Description	7" TFT LCD Module
Model Name	EK070TN83 V.1
Date	2010/02/01
Revision	01

Customer Approval					
Date					

Engineering								
Check Date Prepared Date								

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## **RECORD OF REVISIONS**

Revision	Date	Page	Description
01	2009/09/12	all	New Creation

#### 1. SUMMARY

This technical specification applies to 7" TFT-LCD module with a LED Backlight unit and a 40-pin TTL interface. This module supports 800\*R.G.B x 480 WVGA mode and can display 262,144 colors.

#### 2. FEATURES

- Thin and Light Weight.
- WVGA(800x480 pixels) resolution.
- 3.3 V TTL interface

#### **3. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Parameter		Specifications	Unit
Screen size		7"(Diagonal)	inch
Display Format		800 RGB x 480	dot
Active area		152.4x91.44	mm
Pixel size		190.5 x 190.5	um
Surface treatment		Anti-glare	
Color Saturation (NTSC)		45	%
Pixel Configuration		RGB Vertical Stripe	
Outline dimension		165(W) x 104.44(H) x 5.2 (D)	mm
Weight		TBD	g
View Angle direction (Gray inversion)		6 o'clock	
Temperature Range	Operation	-20~70	°C
Temperature Mange	Storage	-30~80	°C

#### 4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (GND=0V)

ltem	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Power Voltage	Vcc	GND=0	-0.3	6	V	-
Input logic voltage	Vi	GND=0	-0.3	Vcc+0.3	V	Note 1

Note 1: DCLK, DE, R0~ R5, G0~ G5, B0~ B5.

#### **5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Baramatar		Symbol Rating		)	Unit	Condition	
Faid	Parameter		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Power Supp	oly Voltage	Vcc	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Input logic	High Level	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7Vcc	-	Vcc	V	Note 1
voltage	Low Level	V <sub>IL</sub>	0	-	0.3Vcc	V	Note 1

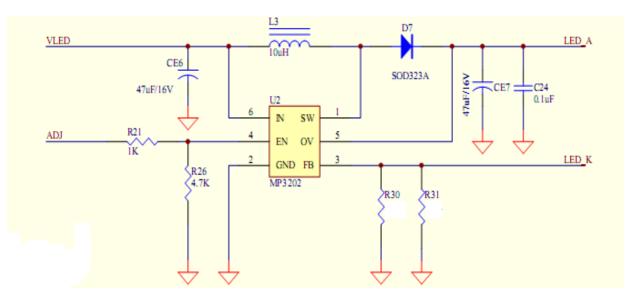
#### 5.1 Recommended Operation condition (GND=0V, Ta=25°C)

Note 1: DCLK, DE, R0~ R5, G0~ G5, B0~ B5.

#### 5.2 LED D a Conditions

2 LED Driving Conditie	Та	a = 25℃				
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
LED current	I <sub>LED</sub>	-	500	550	mA	Note 1
LED voltage	$V_{LED}$	4.8	5.0	5.2	V	
LED Life Time	-	10,000	20,000	-	Hr	

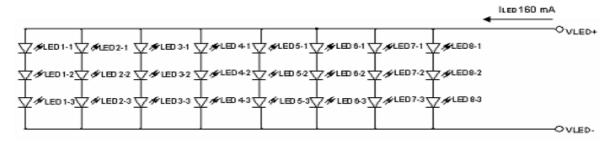
Note 1:Comes With Backlight Driver



#### 5.3 TFT-LCD current consumption

Parameter	Symbol	Rating		J	Unit	Condition
Falameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
LCD power current	lcc		200	260	mA	black pattern
LED power current	<b>I</b> LED		160	200	mA	Note 1

Note 1: Backlight Current



#### 6. AC CHARATERISTICS

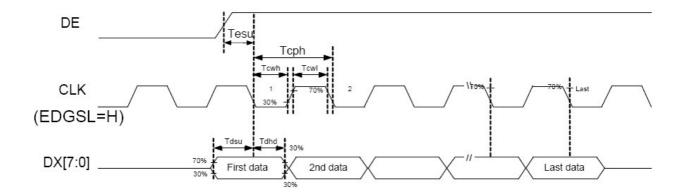
#### 6.1 AC Electrical CHARATERISTICS

Frame rate range : 60Hz~65							
Parameter	Symbol		Unit				
Farameter		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Onit		
Data setup time	Tdsu	6	-	-	ns		
Data hold time	Tdhd	6	-	-	ns		
DE setup time	Tesu	6	-	-	ns		
CLK frequency	Fсрн	29.40	33.26	42.48	MHz		
CLK period	Тсрн	23.54	30.06	34.01	ns		
CLK pulse duty	Тсwн	40	50	60	%		
CLK pulse duty	TcwL	40	50	60	%		
DE period	TDEH+TDEL	1000	1056	1200	Тсрн		
DE pulse width	Тден	-	800	-	Тсрн		
DE frame blanking	TDEB	10	45	110	Tdeh+Tdel		
DE frame width	Tde	-	480	-	Tdeh+Tdel		

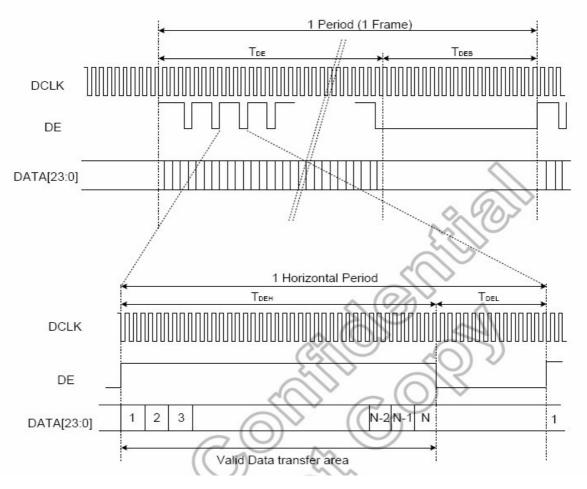
Note : We suggest using the typical value, so it can have better performance.

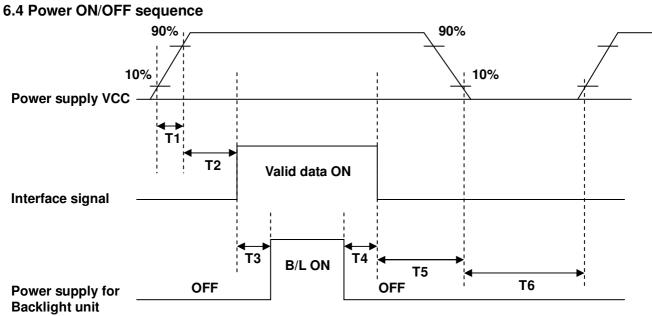
#### 6.2 Timing Controller Timing Chart

#### **Clock and Data input waveforms**



#### 6.3 Data input format





Parameter		Unit		
Falametei	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
T1	1		2	ms
T2	0	60		ms
Т3	200			ms
T4	200			ms
T5	1			ms
T6	1000			ms

#### 7. OPTICAL CHARATERISTIC

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Brightness		-		300	350	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	Center of display
Response time		Tr	Viewing normal angle $\theta = \phi = 0$	-	5	10	.ms	Note 3,5
		Tf		-	11	16	.ms	Note 0,0
Contrast ratio		CR		250	400	-	-	Note 4,5
Color White	Wx	0.249		0.299	0.349	_	Note 2,6,7	
Chromaticity	vvriite	Wy		0.278	0.328	0.378	-	11010 2,0,7
Viewing angle	Hor.	$\theta R$	- CR≧10	60	70	-	Deg.	Note 1
		θL		60	70	-		
	Ver.	$\phi$ T		50	60	-		
		$\phi  B$		60	70	-		

Note 1: Definition of viewing angle range

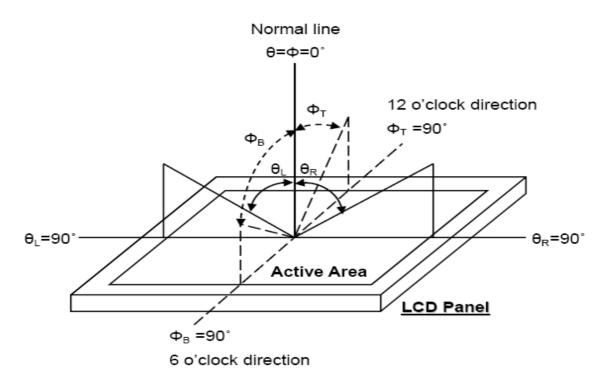


Fig. 7-1 Definition of viewing angle

Note 2: Test equipment setup:

After stabilizing and leaving the panel alone at a driven temperature for 10 minutes, the measurement should be executed. Measurement should be executed in a stable, windless, and dark room. Optical specifications are measured by Topcon BM-7 luminance meter 1.0° field of view at a distance of 50cm and normal direction.

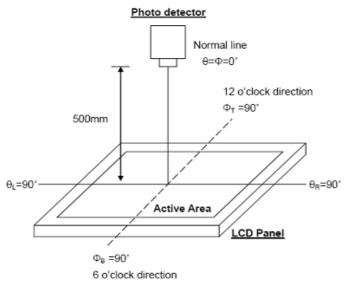


Fig.7-2 Optical measurement system setup

Note 3: Definition of Response time:

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White state and "Black" state. Rise time, Tr, is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time, Tf, is the time between photo detector output Intensity changed from 10% to 90%.

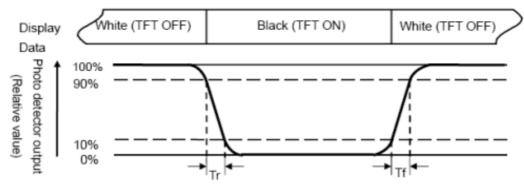


Fig. 3-3 Definition of response time

Note 4: Definition of contrast ratio: The contrast ratio is defined as the following expression.

> Contrast ratio (CR)= Luminance measured when LCD on the "White" state Luminance measured when LCD on the "Black" state

Note 5: White Vi =  $V_{i50} \pm 1.5V$ Black Vi =  $V_{i50} \pm 2.0V$ "±" means that the analog input signal swings in phase with VCOM signal. "±" means that the analog input signal swings out of phase with VCOM signal. The 100% transmission is defined as the transmission of LCD panel when all the input terminals of module are electrically opened.

Note 6: Definition of color chromaticity (CIE 1931) Color coordinates measured at the center point of LCD

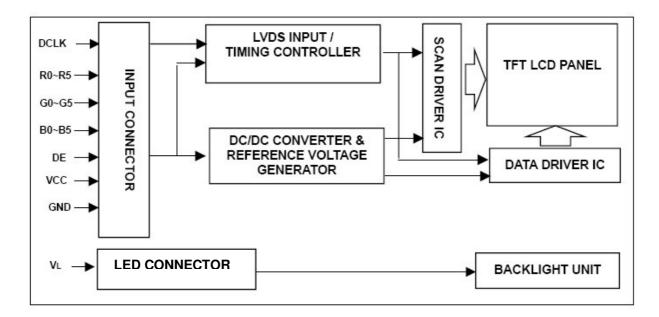
Note 7: Measured at the center area of the panel when all the input terminals of LCD panel are electrically opened.

Note 8 : Uniformity (U) =  $\frac{\text{Brightness (min)}}{\text{Brightness (max)}} \times 100\%$ 

#### 8. INTERFACE

Pin No.	Symbol	Description	Remark
1	VLED	Power Voltage For LED Driver	
2	VLED	Power Voltage For LED Driver	
3	ADJ	Adjust The LED Brightness With PWM Pulse	
4	GLED	Ground For Circuit	
5	GLED	Ground For Circuit	
6	VDD	Power Supply for Digital Circuit	
7	VDD	Power Supply for Digital Circuit	
8	MODE	NC	
9	DE	Data Enable	
10	VS	NC	
11	HS	NC	
12	GND	Power Ground	
13	B5	Blue Data 5 (MSB)	
14	B4	Blue Data 4	
15	B3	Blue Data 3	
16	GND	Power Ground	
17	B2	Blue Data 2	
18	B1	Blue Data 1	
19	B0	Blue Data 0 (LSB)	
20	GND	Power Ground	
21	G5	Green Data 5 (MSB)	
22	G4	Green Data 4	
23	G3	Green Data 3	
24	GND	Power Ground	
25	G2	Green Data 2	
26	G1	Green Data 1	
27	G0	Green Data 0 (LSB)	
28	GND	Power Ground	
29	R5	Red Data 5 (MSB)	
30	R4	Red Data 4	
31	R3	Red Data 3	
32	GND	Power Ground	
33	R2	Red Data 2	
34	R1	Red Data 1	
35	R0	Red Data 0 (LSB)	
36	GND	Power Ground	
37	DCLK	Clock Signals	
38	GND	Power Ground	
39	L/R	NC	
40	U/D	NC	

#### 9. BLOCK DIAGRAM

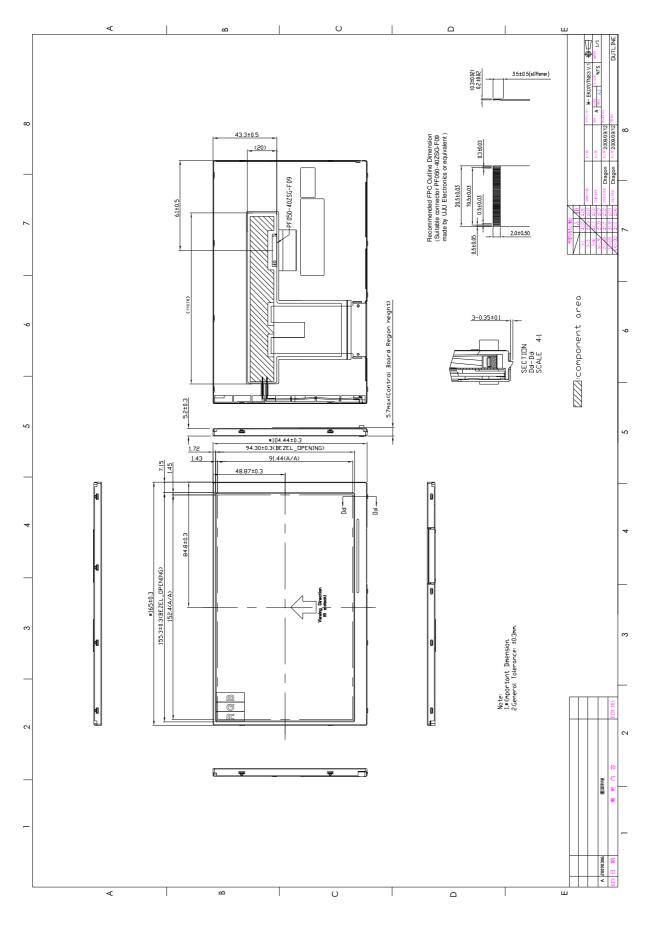


### 10. QUALITY ASSURANCE

No.	Test Items	Test Condition REMARI						
1	High Temperature Storage Test	Ta=80℃ Dry 240h						
2	Low Temperature Storage Test	Ta=-30℃ Dry 240h						
3	High Temperature Operation Test	Ta=70℃ Dry 240h						
4	Low Temperature Operation Test	Ta=-20°C Dry 240h						
5	High Temperature and High Humidity Operation Test	Ta=60°C 90%RH 240h						
6	Electro Static Discharge Test	150pF, 330Ω, ±8KV(Contact)/± 15KV(Air), 5 points/panel, 5 times/point						
7	Shock Test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each six faces (I.e. run 180G 2ms for all six faces)						
8	Vibration Test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis						
9	Thermal Shock Test	-20°C (0.5h) ~ 70°C (0.5h) / 100 cycles(Dry)						

\*\*\*\*\* Ta= Ambient Temperature

## EK070TN83 V.1



#### 12. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the following when you use this TFT LCD module.

#### **12.1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS**

- (1) You must mount a module using arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module.And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach a transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not describe because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with adsorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

#### **12.2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS**

- The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interference.

#### **12.3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL**

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

#### **12.4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE**

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter. **12.5 STORAGE** 

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### **12.6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM**

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. Is apt to remain on the polarizer. Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.